## **CULTURAL PROCEDURES-GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

[Unless otherwise stated all tolerances are ±5%]

## **APPARATUS & MATERIALS**

1. W	ork A	Area					
a.	Level table or bench, ample working space and utilities						
b.	Clean, well ventilated, temperature 16-27°C reasonably free from dust and drafts						
C.	Wel	II-lighted, > 50 foot-candles at working surface (pref. 100)					
d.	plate	crobic density of air ≤ 15 colonies/SPC or RAC plate, ≤ 10 colonies/PAC te or ≤ 5 colonies/PPAC plate in 15 min exposure; if not, corrective actions en (for plating procedures only)					
e.	Freedom from congestion and traffic; only compatible laboratory functions performed						
f.	Safe working environment – Refer to OSHA						
	1.	Eating and drinking <u>not</u> permitted in laboratory					
	2.	Food and drinks for consumption not stored in laboratory					
	3.	Analyst wear buttoned/snapped lab coats/uniforms and protective eyewear, lab coats/uniforms remain on-site					
	4.	Safety equipment available					
	5.	Current Safety Data Sheets (SDS) accessible to analysts					
	6.	Has functioning fume hood with acceptable sash (if necessary, see DMSCC procedure)					
	7.	Flammable solvent areas continuously well ventilated and temperature controlled					
	8.	Proper disposal of potentially hazardous materials					
		a. Contaminated samples disposed of properly					
		Contaminated glassware or plasticware disposed of or decontaminated properly					
		c. Hazardous chemical disposed of properly					

	g.	. Storage Space					
	J	Cabinets, drawers, and shelves adequate					
	h.	Areas neat, clean and orderly					
	i.	Floors clean, walls and ceilings in good repair					
	j.	Laboratory free of insects and rodents					
2.	•	ords					
	a.	All laboratory related records maintained and available for announced surveys					
	u.	Three (3) years for state central labs					
		Three (b) years for state sentral labs					
		Two (2) years for other labs, minimum requirement (States may require longer periods)					
	b.	Quality control and sample records available to laboratory evaluation officer during survey					
	C.	Records contain written corrective actions when taken					
	d.	Records written in ink or other indelible substance, pencil or erasable ink not allowed					
	e.	Corrections to quality control records, bench sheets and reports follow the requirements below:					
		Make a single line through the incorrect information					
		Write in the correct information next to the incorrect information					
		Person making the correction initials the information					
		4. If not obvious, include reason for correction					
	f.	Requirements for electronic/computer records					
		Software must be well documented. General software description including who is allowed to make modifications					
		Protocols and policies are documented clearly. Policy statement on the use of the software					
		Records must be indexed and cross referenced to allow easy review, or must be printed and made available. Records will allow tracking of sample from submission to final report.					

		4.	when corrections are necessary the old information must be retained in some form, the person making the change must be identified, the date of the change noted, and the reason for the change noted	
		5.	Regulatory records archived for a period of two years (three years for State Central Labs); same as retention time for paper records	
		6.	If records are not available at time of audit, facility will be cited for not having records and will be subject to penalties	
3.	Ter	nper	ature Measuring Devices	
	a.		tional Institute of Standards and Testing (NIST) traceable temperature asuring device, or equivalent, with certificate. Check annually at ice point	
		1.	Reference temperature measuring device identity:	
			Serial # Date of Certificate Ice Point Date	
			a:	
			b:	
			c:	
			d:	
		2.	Graduation interval not more than 0.5°C (0-100°C) otherwise not more than 1.0°C (< 0 or >100°C)	
	b.	Rar	nge of test temperature measuring device appropriate for designated use	
		1.	Mercury-in-glass (MIG), alcohol/spirit (AIG) or electronic/digital thermometers in degrees centigrade	
		2.	Plastic lamination recommended for mercury thermometers	
		3.	Graduation/recording interval not more than 0.5°C (0-100°C) otherwise not more than 1.0°C (< 0 or >100°C)	
	C.		curacy of all test temperature measuring devices, including those for oclaves and hot air ovens checked before initial use and annually	
		1.	Checked against NIST traceable thermometer	
		2.	Accurate to ±1°C when checked at temperature(s) of use	
		3.	Record/document results; tag individual devices	
			Tag includes identification/location, date of check, temperature(s)     checked and correction factor(s), as applicable	

	d.	<ul> <li>Temperature measuring devices are to be read to the nearest graduation/recording interval, optionally labs may interpolate between graduations</li> </ul>							
	e.	Temperature Monitoring Systems (wired/wireless)							
		<ol> <li>The software must record temperature reading from each sensor/probe in the piece of equipment being monitored at the same or greater frequency as stipulated for MIG or AIG thermometers. Optionally, set to register an alert/alarm when out of the acceptable temperature range</li> </ol>							
		<ul> <li>a. When temperature(s) are out of acceptable range for greater than two hours, event must be documented and corrective action taken as necessary; maintain records</li> </ul>							
		<ol> <li>Optionally, a minimum two-day backup power source (battery/electrical) for the temperature monitoring system and/or all required sensors/probes, remote signal devices and monitor/controller may be employed in case of power failure</li></ol>							
		Temperature monitoring system records for each piece of equipment must be available/accessible for auditing as described in item 2.f above							
	f.	Automatic temperature recording instruments, other than those described in section 3.e that meet the requirements of 3.c., if used, compared weekly against an accurate thermometer; record results							
	g.	Dial thermometers not used in the laboratory							
4.	Refrigeration (Sample)								
		(Reagent)							
	a.	Size adequate for workload							
	b.	Maintains samples at 0.0-4.5°C; if temperature out of range, record samples as not analyzed (NA)							
	C.	Used for storage of milk or milk products, media and reagents only							
		Not to be used to store food or drink for consumption							
	d.	Record/download temperature (corrected) daily, in AM and PM, from two temperature measuring devices with bulbs or sensor/probe immersed in liquid (in sealed containers)							
	e.	Temperature measuring devices located on upper and lower shelves of use							
5.	Fre	eezer ()							
	a.	Size adequate for workload							

	b.	Mair	ntains -15	°C or belov	/			_	
	C.	Use	d for stora	age of froze	en milk products	, controls, media	a and reagents	s only	
		1.	Not to be	e used to st	ore food or drin	k for consumption	on	_	
	d.	temp		neasuring o	•	d) daily, in AM a or sensor/probe		liquid -	
6.	Pipe	ets	(Glass:		Plastic:	Pipettor:	)	_	
	a.	Аррі	ropriate c	apacity				_	
	b.	Mus	t conform	to APHA s	pecifications			_	
	C.	Grad	duations (	distinctly ma	arked with contr	asting color		_	
	d.	Disc	ard those	with broke	n tips, scratche	s or other defect	:S	_	
	e.	Pipettors, accuracy checked, fixed volume or electronic only							
		1.	•		th identification faccuracy chec	(imprinted serial k	numbers acco	eptable)	
		2.	Tips (ste	erile for plat	e counts) appro	priate to pipetto	r(s) being used	_ b	
		3.		nanufacture echnique fo		unless otherwise	e stated regard	ding -	
		4.	(using set be ±5%	eparate tip of specified	for each weighii I delivery volum	ecutive weighing ng), average of a e (by weight, or graduated cylind	all 10 weighing if ≥ 1.0 mL ma	ıs must ıy be	
		5.	using the	e Artel PCS	® Pipette Calib	utive readings o ration System, a delivery volume	verage of all 1	10	
						ation: upon rece anufacturer's pro		ie -	
			b. PC	S Pipette S	ystem Quality C	Control		_	
			1.	_	perform an inst	s Procedure Guio rument calibratio			
			2	Record re	esults and file C	alibration Certifi	cate (printout)		

		c. Store reagent kits and Instrument Calibrator kits at room temperature	
		Lot #: Exp. Date:	
		d. Reagent Blanks and Sample Solutions are the same lot	
		e. PCS Pipette Calibration System Procedure; follow manufacturer's Procedure Guide and instrument prompts	
7.	Pipe	t Containers	
	a.	Use for sterilization, storage; non-toxic	
8.	Dilu	ion Bottles and Closures, reusable	
	a.	Bottles of borosilicate glass or approved plastic with smooth tops	
	b.	Capacity 150 mL, indelibly marked at 99±1 mL level	
	c.	Closure non-toxic rubber stopper or plastic screw cap with liner	
	d.	New Bakelite type plastic caps and closures treated to remove toxic residues, tested using a <i>Geobacillus stearothermophilus</i> (A.K.A. – <i>Bacillus stearothermophilus</i> ) type assay	
	e.	Discard bottles and caps with chips, cracks, scratches or other defects	
9.	Petr	Dishes (Glass or Plastic)	
	a.	Bottom at least 80 mm I.D., and 12 mm deep for plate counts	
	b.	Bottom 86.1 – 87.0 mm I.D., and 12 mm deep for BsDA	
	C.	Bottom flat and free from bubbles, scratches, or other defects	
10.	Petr	Dish Container	
	a.	Use for sterilization, storage; non-toxic	
11.	Hot	Air Sterilizing Oven ()	
	a.	Sufficient size to prevent crowding of interior in normal usage	
	b.	Constructed to provide uniform temperature in chamber	
	C.	Temperature measuring device or recorder with adequate range (to 220°C)	
		Bulb or sensor/probe of temperature measuring device immersed in sand	
	d.	Maintain records for each sterilization cycle including date, start-up time, time sterilization temperature reached, and length of time at sterilization temperature	

	e.	Temperature indicator used each load						
	f.	Performance checked with full load and recorded quarterly (preferably weekly), using spore ( <i>Bacillus atrophaeus</i> ) strips, include positive control check; maintain results						
		1. Brand:						
		2. Lot #: Exp. Date:						
12.	Ste	erilization by Dry Heat						
	a.	Material in center of load heated to ≥ 170°C for ≥ 2 hours						
	b.	Oven not crowded (< 75% of shelf in gravity type, 90% in forced air type)						
13.	Aut	toclave (Media)						
		(Waste)						
	a.	Sufficient size to prevent crowding of chamber						
	b.	Thermometer or temperature recorder-controller properly located to register, chamber temperature						
	C.	Has pressure gauge and properly adjusted safety valve						
	d.	Connected to suitable saturated steam line or steam generator						
	e.	Chamber temperature checked at least quarterly (preferably more frequently, ex. weekly with sterility check) with maximum registering thermometer or electronic high temperature data logger with full load in autoclave; record results or download and print						
	f.	Cycle timing checked quarterly and found to be accurate; maintain records						
	g.	Maintain records for each sterilization cycle including date, start-up time, temperature and time temperature reached, length of time at temperature, time at end of run, time removed and item(s) (Waste cycle procedures exempt from the requirements for media stated in item 14. Waste cycle procedures documented; records maintained. Procedures on file including performance checks with records)						
		Strip recorders that provide the above information are acceptable if strips (or copies) are maintained in permanent record, include items autoclaved, time removed and initials						
		Circular charts must be interpreted and must have written records to verify the information stated above						

		3. Optionally, use electronic high temperature data loggers to demonstrate chamber temperature profile of autoclave run (e.g., media preparation using manual autoclave or when printout does not show temperature during sterilization cycle); if used, download and print temperature readings					
	h.	Use temperature indicator for each load					
	i.	Check performance with full load and record results monthly at a minimum (preferably once during each week of use), using spore ( <i>G. stearothermophilus</i> ) strips or suspensions, include positive control check; maintain results					
		1. Brand:					
		2. Lot #: Exp. Date:					
	j.	Perform routine maintenance and maintain records					
14.	Ster	terilization by Moist Heat					
	a Autoclave media at 120±1°C						
		Dilution buffer blanks for 15 min (30 min optional)					
		2. Media for 15 min (sugar broths as per manufacturer instructions)					
	b.	Autoclave media within 1 hour of preparation					
	C.	Autoclave dilution buffer on same day prepared					
	d.	Loosen stoppers or caps slightly to permit passage of steam and air					
	e.	All air expelled from autoclave before pressure allowed to rise					
	f.	Autoclave will reach 120±1°C within 15 min ( 5 min pref.) of starting air-exhaust					
	g.	Properly operating and calibrated temperature gauge (not a pressure gauge) relied on to insure sterilization					
	h.	After sterilization, pressure gradually reduced (≥ 15 min) and media removed promptly when atmospheric pressure is reached					
	i.	Total time for media in autoclave less than 1 hour					
15.	Incu	pator and/or Incubator Room					
	(#1:	)					
	(#2:	)					
	a.	Sufficient size to prevent crowding of interior					

	D.	Plac	e sn	eives to assure uniform temperature			
	c.	Record/download corrected temperature daily, in AM and PM, from two temperature measuring devices with bulbs or sensor/probe immersed in liquid (in sealed containers)					
	d.	Plac	ce ter	mperature measuring devices on upper and lower shelves of use			
	e.	PP/	AC pl	-12 mL) in SPC plates and/or (1 mL) in PAC plates or (1 mL) in ates must not lose more than 15% weight after 48 hours incubation. tes must not lose more than 15% weight after 24 hours incubation			
		1.		form agar weight loss of SPC, PAC, RAC, or PPAC plates quarterly record results			
			a.	Test minimum of two (2) plates/films per shelf in use, one on each side of shelf, preferably test 10 plates evenly distributed throughout the incubator			
		2.		se corrective action taken when criteria not met and maintain records corrective actions			
			a.	If weight loss is out of compliance take corrective actions (humidify incubator, reduce air flow, etc.) and retest as above and record			
			b.	Use more agar; to use this option, laboratory must document that this amount of agar is routinely used for plating			
16.	Col	ony (	Coun	nter			
	a.	Que	ebec	dark-field model or equivalent with satisfactory grid plate			
17.	Han	d Ta	lly, a	accurate			
18.	pН	Mete	r	(Milk Lab)			
				(Media Prep)			
	a.	Elec	ctroni	ic only, readable to 0.1 pH units			
	<ul> <li>Daily calibration and slope records and maintenance log maintained when in use</li> </ul>						
	C.			date electrodes (double junction reference pref.) put into service (write cord and tag probe)  Date:			
19.	рΗ	Meas	uren	ment			
	a.	Mak	ke all	measurements at room temperature			

b.	Standardize instrument with known buffer solutions				
	1.	Use three commercially prepared standard solutions			
	2.	Use each aliquot once and discard			
	3.	pH 4, 7 and 10 suggested for linearity and proper function of meter			
	4.	Determine slope (95-102%) each time meter calibrated; maintain records			
c.	Rec	cord medium pH each time measured			
d.		ermine final (after sterilization) pH of each batch of medium before use; ntain records			
	1.	Standard Methods Agar, pH 7.0±0.2			
	2.	Violet Red Bile Agar, pH 7.4±0.2			
	3.	Brilliant Green Bile Broth, pH 7.2±0.2			
	4.	PM Indicator Agar, pH 7.8±0.2			
	5.	Buffered Rinse Solution, 7.2±0.2			
	6.	Nutrient Broth, pH 6.8±0.2			
	7.	Letheen Broth, pH 7.0±0.2			
	8.	Lauryl Sulfate Tryptose Broth (LST), pH 6.8±0.2			
	9.	M-Endo Agar or Broth, pH 7.2±0.2			
	10.	Stock Phosphate Buffer, pH 7.2±0.2			
	11.	Dilution Buffer, pH 7.2±0.2			
	12.	EC-MUG, pH 6.9±0.2			
Bal	ance				
a.		ctronic only, sensitive to ≤ 0.1 g for general laboratory purposes and proper sitivity for accuracy checks and antibiotics			
b.	Clas	ss S or S1, or equivalent ASTM 1, 2, or 3, weights			
	1.	Certificate or other verification of authenticity			
	2.	Free from excessive wear, filth and corrosion			
	3.	Weights within class tolerance			

20.

	records							
	d.	Check at least annually, or when weights out of tolerance, by a qualified representative for good working order with proof of check in laboratory						
		1.	Milk	<b>«</b> :	Date of Last Check:			
		2.	Me	dia:	Date of Last Check:			
		3.	Ana	alytical:	Date of Last Check:			
21.	Wat	ter B	aths					
	a.	The	rmos	statically controlled to	o appropriate temperature(s)			
	b.	Wat	ter ci	rculation capability, I	baths up to 64°C			
	C.	App	ropri	ate size for work loa	ads			
	d.	Mai	ntain	suitable water level	<u></u>			
22.	Med	chani	ical [	Dilution Bottle Shal	ker [If approved for use in this program]			
23.	Mic	rowa	ve O	oven [Not for melting	ng media]			
24.	Mic	robio	ologi	cally Suitable (MS)	Water			
	a.	Тур	e:					
	b.	System used:						
	C.	Monthly testing criteria						
		1.	Cou		Petrifilm <sup>™</sup> Aerobic Count, Petrifilm <sup>™</sup> Rapid Aerobic erobic Count < 1,000 colonies/mL (< 10,000			
		2.		al chlorine residual r t used (ex., < 0.1 mg	negative, record as less than the detection limit of			
		3.		sistivity exceeds 0.5 hos/cm (µS/cm) at 2	megohm/cm or conductivity is less than 2.0			
			a.	Brand:	Std.:			
			b.	Test performed in	another lab:			
	d.				tals (Pb, Cd, Cr, Cu, Ni and Zn), not to exceed not to exceed 0.1 mg/L total for all metals			
	e.	If cr	iteria	not met, take correc	ctive action(s) and record in QC record			

	f.	Maintain records					
25.	De-	onized (DI) Water – Commercially prepared or lab prepared					
26.	Dilu	ition	Buffer and Blanks				
	a. Stock phosphate buffer (Prep. Date:)						
		1.	Prepare in laboratory (34 g KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> /L) with MS water; OR				
		2	Purchase commercially prepared ()				
			a. Lot #: Exp. Date:				
		3.	Place in small containers (≤ 100 mL), autoclave and store in refrigerator				
	b.	Sto	ck MgCl <sub>2</sub> Solution, Optional (Prep. Date:)				
		1.	Prepare in laboratory (38 g MgCl <sub>2</sub> /L or 81.1 g MgCl <sub>2</sub> • 6H <sub>2</sub> 0/L) with MS water; OR				
		2.	Purchase commercially prepared ()				
			a. Lot #: Exp. Date:				
		3.	Place in small containers (≤ 100 mL), autoclave and store in refrigerator				
	c.	Prep	pare dilution buffer with 1.25 mL stock buffer/L of MS water				
		1.	Optionally, add 5 mL of stock MgCl <sub>2</sub> /L of MS water				
	d.	Fill	dilution bottles to contain 99±2 mL dilution buffer after sterilization				
		1.	After sterilization and after cool visually observe and discard any blanks with < 97 or > 101 mL				
		2.	Of remaining blanks appearing to have the correct volume, check 1 blank for every 25 that were made using a Class A graduated cylinder (or equivalent)				
		3.	Maintain records of volume checks, including batch size				
		4.	If any blanks out of tolerance, discard entire lot; record lot as discarded				
	e.	Tes	et blanks at 6 month intervals for toxic substances				
		1.	Plate milk dilution at 0, 15, 30, 45 min				
		2.	If the 45 min count is 20% less than 0 min count, determine cause and retest after correction made; maintain records				

	1.	Aire	illialively, use c	ommercially prepared dilution burier blanks	
		Bra	nd:		
				Exp. Date:	
		1.	Maintain volur	me records as above	
		2.	Check toxicity	as above on each new lot received	
		3.	Check pH and	I record	
	g.	Mai	ntain records		
	h.	Tak	e corrective act	ion when criteria not met; maintain records	
27.	Rea	agent	: Chemicals – c	of ACS Grade	
28.				cturer's instructions unless otherwise stated]	
	a.	Use	e dehydrated me	edium of correct composition	
		1.	·	ified by manufacturer; after opening, each bottle tightly	
		2.	Commercially expiration date	sealed medium kept no longer than manufacturer's	
		3.	Opened bottle	s used until manufacturer's expiration date	
		4.	-	change is noted in appearance or hydration regardless of s expiration date	
	b.	Plat	te Count Agar (I	PCA):	
		1.	Composition:	Pancreatic Digest of Casein 5 g	
				Yeast Extract	
				Agar 15 g  MS water to make 1 L	
		2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
	C.	3M <sup>-</sup>		erobic Count (PAC) Plate	
		1.		Exp. Date:	
	d.			apid Aerobic Count (RAC) Plate	
	<b>∽.</b>	1.	Lot #:		
		• • •			

	1.	LUI #	Exp. Date:	
f.	Viol	et Red Bile Aga	ır (VRBA):	
	1.	Composition:	Yeast Extract.       3 g         Peptone or Gelysate.       7 g         Bile Salts.       1.5 g         Lactose.       10 g         Sodium Chloride.       5 g         Neutral Red.       0.03 g         Crystal Violet.       0.002 g         Agar.       15 g         MS water to make.       1 L	
	2.	Boil 2 min, ten	nper and use within 3 hours (do not autoclave)	
	3.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
g.	3M <sup>-7</sup>	™ Petrifilm™ Co	oliform Count (PCC) Plate	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
h.	3M <sup>-7</sup>	™ Petrifilm™ Hi	gh Sensitivity Coliform Count (HSCC) Plate	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
i.	Cha	arm® Peel Plate	® Coliform Count (PPCC or PPCCCD) Plate	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
j.	Cha	arm® Peel Plate	® E. coli and Coliform (PPEC or PPECCD) Plate	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
k.	Cha Plat		® Coliform Count High-Volume (PPCCHV or PPCCCDHV)	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
I.		arm® Peel Plate ECCDHV) Plate	® E. coli and Coliform High-Volume (PPECHV or	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:	
m.	Brill	iant Green Lact	ose Bile Broth (BGLB):	
	1.	Composition:	Peptone or Gelysate	
		•	Lactose	

			MS water to make	1 L	
	2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
n.	PM	Indicator Agar (	(PMI):		
	1.	Composition:	Beef Extract	3 g 5 g 1.7 g 0.3 g 5.25 g 0.5 g	
			Dipotassium Phosphate	0.25 g 1 g 0.06 g 15 g 1 L	
	2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
0.	Buff	fered Rinse Sol	ution:		
	1.	Composition:	Stock Phosphate Buffer	1.25 mL 5 mL 4 g 10 g 1 L	
	2.	Weigh hygros water	copic Azolectin rapidly and dissolve by hear	ting over boiling	
	3.	Date Prepared	d:		
p.	Nut	rient Broth (NB)	(laboratory use only):	-	
	1.	Composition:	Beef Extract Peptone MS water to make	3 g 5 g 1 L	
	2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
q.	(Fo	neen Broth: r use with Petr lium citrate)	ifilm, DO NOT use diluents containing th	iosulfate or	
	1.	Composition:	Peptamin Beef Extract Lecithin Sorbitan Monooleate Sodium Chloride MS water to make	10 g 5 g 0.5 g 5 g 5 g 1 L	

	2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
r.	Lau	ryl Sulfate Tryp	tose Broth (LST):		
	1.	Composition:	Tryptose Lactose Dipotassium Phosphate Monopotassium Phosphate Sodium Chloride Sodium Lauryl Sulfate MS water to make	20 g 5 g 2.75 g 2.75 g 5 g 0.1 g 1 L	
	2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
S.	EC-	MUG:			
	1.	Composition:	Tryptose Lactose Bile Salts Mixture Dipotassium Phosphate Monopotassium Phosphate Sodium Chloride 4-Methylumbelliferyl-β-D-Glucuronide MS water to make	20 g 5 g 1.5 g 4 g 1.5 g 5 g 0.05 g 1 L	
	2.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
t.	M-E	Endo Agar:			
	1.	Composition:	Yeast Extract Casitone Thiopeptone Tryptose Lactose Dipotassium Phosphate Monopotassium Phosphate Sodium Chloride Sodium Desoxycholate Sodium Lauryl Sulfate Sodium Sulfite Basic Fuchsin Agar MS water to make	1.2 g 3.7 g 3.7 g 7.5 g 9.4 g 3.3 g 1 g 3.7 g 0.1 g 0.05 g 1.6 g 0.8 g 15 g 1 L	
	1.	Lot #:	Exp. Date:		
u.	M-E	ndo Broth:			
	1.	Composition:	Yeast Extract Casitone Thiopeptone Tryptose	1.5 g 5 g 5 g 10 g	

		Lactose Dipotassium Phosphate Monopotassium Phosphate Sodium Chloride Sodium Desoxycholate Sodium Lauryl Sulfate Sodium Sulfite Basic Fuchsin MS water to make	0.05 g _ 2.1 g _				
	1. Lot #:	Exp. Date:					
٧.	Idexx Colilert®		_				
	1. Lot #:	Exp. Date:	_				
W.	Idexx Colilert®-18		_				
	1. Lot #:	Exp. Date:	_				
x.	Idexx Colisure®		_				
	1. Lot #:	Exp. Date:	_				
y.	Charm® E*Colite		_				
	1. Lot #:	Exp. Date:	-				
Z.	Modified Colitag™		_				
	1. Lot #:	Exp. Date:	-				
Med	ium Preparation		_				
a.	Media-making uten corrosive equipmer	sils of borosilicate glass, stainless ant	steel, or other non- —				
b.	Weigh required am	ount of dehydrated medium or ingr	edients _				
C.	Combine with required amount MS water, dissolve and mix in a suitable container						
d.	Adjust pH if necess	ary	_				
e.	Heat (covered), not (microwave prepara	under pressure, if necessary, to coation not allowed)	omplete solution				
f.	Restore water as n	ecessary, to compensate for loss d	ue to evaporation _				

29.

	g.		cm from any surface	
		1.	In general, containers filled no more than half of total volume	
	h.	Use	e suitable container closure and autoclave as necessary	
30.	Pre	pare	d Media Storage	
	a.	Pro	tect from water loss and light	
	b.	Sto	re only screw-capped containers no more than 6 months	
	C.	c. Store prepared Charm PMI plates, no more than 5 days in sealed container 0.0-4.5°C (tag with date of preparation)		
	d.	BG	LB broth at room temperature	
		1.	Screw capped tubes for 3 months	
		2.	Loose (slip) capped tubes for 1 week	
		3.	Store in dark	
	e.	ЗМ	Petrifilm plate storage	
		1.	Store unopened pouches refrigerated or frozen (-30 to 8°C)	
		2.	Just prior to use, allow unopened pouches to come to room temperature	
		3.	Use before expiration date on package	
		4.	After opening, return unused plates to foil pouch, seal pouch by folding and taping/clipping open end shut	
		5.	Store opened (re-sealed) pouches at ≤ 25°C	
		6.	<b>Do not refrigerate opened packages.</b> If laboratory temperature exceeds 25°C, place resealed pouches in a sealable container and store in freezer. Allow plates to acclimate to room temperature before using	
		7.	Use Petrifilm plates within one month after opening package (tag with date opened) when storing at lab temperature. If storing in freezer, use within product expiration date	
	f.	Pre	-dispensed rinse solutions for containers	
		1.	Dispense in appropriate volume (20, 50, 100 mL, or other) and sterilize	
		2.	Perform quality control checks for volume (100±2 mL) as in item 25.d	

	g.	Charm Peel Plate® Storage					
	J	1.	Store unopened packages of Peel Plate® plates at 0-25°C, if refrigerated, allow 30 min to acclimate to room temperature before opening packages				
		2.	Use before expiration date on package	_			
		3.	After opening, return unused plates to the foil pouch with desiccant indicator, zip-seal open end shut				
		4.	Store opened (re-sealed) packages at 0-25°C	_			
		5.	Check desiccant indicator of Peel Plate® plates before use. Do not use if desiccant has turned white or pink. Do not use if plates are discolored, pink, yellow or brown				
31.	Det	erger	nt Suitability Test	_			
	a.	Perform detergent residue test if laboratory uses glass Petri dishes for routine testing					
	b.	. Detergent is suitable for laboratory use					
		Brar	nd: Brand:	_			
	C.	Test	each new brand/lot; maintain records				
32.	Clea	eaning Pipets (Reusable)					
	a.	Disc	eard used pipets in disinfectant				
	b.	Rins	se in tap water at 15-30°C				
	C.	Tho	roughly wash with suitable detergent and rinse	_			
	d.	Clea	an with strong cleaning solution such as acid dairy cleaner as necessary	_			
	e.	Fina	I rinse with MS or DI_water	_			
	f.	acid	s several pieces from each batch (preferably while still wet) for residual or alkali with aqueous 0.04% bromothymol blue. If color reaction not dark en to light blue, re-rinse and test again; maintain records				
33.	Clea	aning	Other Glassware and Apparatus	_			
	a.		t to 85°C or disinfect unless pathogens are suspected; then sterilization irred prior to washing				
	b.	Was	sh with hot water and suitable detergent and rinse				
	C.	Mac	hine washed: (				

	d.	Hand washed:					
	e.			ee with MS or DI_water			
	f.	Test several pieces from each batch (preferably while still wet) for residual acid or alkali with aqueous 0.04% bromothymol blue. If color reaction not dark green to light blue, re-rinse and test again; maintain records					
				SAMPLES			
34.	Lab	orato	ory R	equirements			
	a.	. Section 6 sample requirements					
		1.	initia	cord time, date, and temperature of samples when received, and the cal(s), license or permit number or name of the person who received the caples at the laboratory			
		2.	Dete	ermine sample temperature			
			a.	Insert a pre-cooled thermometer into TC (pre-cooling of electronic/digital thermometer probe is not necessary)			
			b.	TC must be at least half the size of the largest test container			
			C.	Performed by trained personnel. Maintain records of training			
		3.	Fini	shed Product Samples(s)			
			a.	Date, time and temperature of collection at the plant or sampling location			
			b.	Sample collector's name and license or permit number			
			C.	The above information does not need to reside in the laboratory records, but must be available at the same facility			
		4.	labo	ducer Universal Sample information required for NCIMS certified bratories to accept sample to perform regulatory testing as required er the NCIMS program			
			a.	Producer identification			
			b.	Date of collection at the farm			
			C.	Time of collection (Responsibility of the owner of the milk). One of the following options may be used:			
				1. On the sample			
				2. On the records supplied			

		3.	Pilot sample (TC)	
		4.	In consultation with the state regulatory agency	
		5.	Time of collection is not available – use the procedure in current 34.a.7.b	
	d.		laboratory records - records that are not required to reside in the pratory:	
		1.	Hauler/Sampler name and license/permit number	
		2.	Temperature at time of collection at the farm	
5.		•	ture Control (TC) sample is available for each group of sample(s) at the laboratory. One of the following options may be used:	
	a.	Prod	ducer Bulk Milk Pick Up Tanker (TC)	
	b.	Finis	shed/Packaged Product Sample (TC)	
	C.		ngle TC per cooler/shipping container shipped from sample depot ne testing lab	
	d.		TC is not available then any sample in a cooler/shipping tainer may be used as a TC	
6.		•	equirements necessary for NCIMS laboratories to accept samples on 6 testing	
	a.	Prod	ducer samples are about ¾ full. Samples too full are not tested	
	b.	0.0 1	nples at the time of receipt by the testing laboratory must be to 4.5°C to be accepted for regulatory testing. Liquid samples at not be frozen	
	c.	Sam	nples must not be leaking. Do not accept	
	d.	Top	s of samples must be protected from direct contact with ice	
	e.	Unp slus	rotected sample(s) must not be submerged in water and/or ice or h	
	f.	test exce	ilk sample temperature control exceeds 4.5°C on receipt, do not microbiologically (samples may be tested if temperature does not seed 7.0°C and time of receipt is ≤ 3 hours from collection and uple temperature at receipt is no greater than at collection)	

		testing laboratory						
			a.	Samples stored at 0.0-4.5°C until tested. If samples are frozen, contain ice crystals or exceed 4.5°C, do not test and record as Lab Accident (LA)				
				Samples held at 13°C±1°C for 18±3 hours may be tested for official ESCC				
			b.	Testing of samples to begin no longer than 60 hours from the time the sample was first collected (i.e., producer bulk tank samples or plant finished product samples). If no time of collection is available, use 12:01 AM of the day of collection				
			C.	Remove portions for microbiological analyses first if chemical tests are to be performed, unless superseded by another FDA/NCIMS 2400 form procedure				
			d.	Record date, time and temperature of samples when tested				
	b.	Арр	endix	N sample requirements				
		Refe	Refer to App. N GR item 9					
35.	San	nple	Benc	Bench Sheet Requirements				
	a.	avai	lable	e collection information: The following information must be readily le for Section 6 producers (item 34.a.4) and finished product samples 4.a.3)				
	b.	Tes	t info	rmation				
		1.	and	st show date, time and temperature of samples at the start of analysis name or initials of the analyst performing the test for each group of apples				
		2.	Tes	t records				
			a.	Bench sheets or records must contain all results (raw and calculated In proper format for tests performed); item 2				
			b.	Results of all applicable controls for each group of samples must be recorded				
			C.	Plate count procedure controls include:				
				Microbic air density				
				2. Dilution buffer				

Additional requirements after the samples have been accepted by the

7.

			3.	Pipets or pipettor tips	
			4.	Agar (when used)	
			5.	Temperature of agar (when used) at plating (45±1°C)	
		d.		sults of inhibitor tests accompany all plate counts. Inhibitor trols performed and results recorded for each group of samples	
				MISCELLANEOUS	
35.	Lab	oratory P	racti	ces	
	a.	Personne	el ade	equately trained and/or supervised	
	b.	Satisfactory participation in annual split samples			
	C.	Copies of current, applicable FDA/NCIMS 2400 forms in laboratory			
	d.	. Copy of written Quality Assurance Plan; required for state central laboratories			
	e.		sions	anagement has signed and returned the agreement to abide by s of the NCIMS and the procedures for the Evaluation of Milk (EML)	
	f.	Laborato	•	raluation officer conducted survey unobstructed by laboratory or	